

# DNCA INVEST MIURI

## EUROPEAN LONG-HEDGED EQUITIES

### Investment objective

The Sub-Fund seeks to achieve a higher annual performance than the risk-free rate represented by the €STR rate, throughout the recommended investment period. For that purpose, the Management Company will try to maintain an average annual volatility between 5% and 10% in normal market conditions. Investor's attention is drawn by the fact that the management style is discretionary and integrates environmental, social/societal and governance (ESG) criteria.

To achieve its investment objective, the investment strategy is based on active discretionary management.

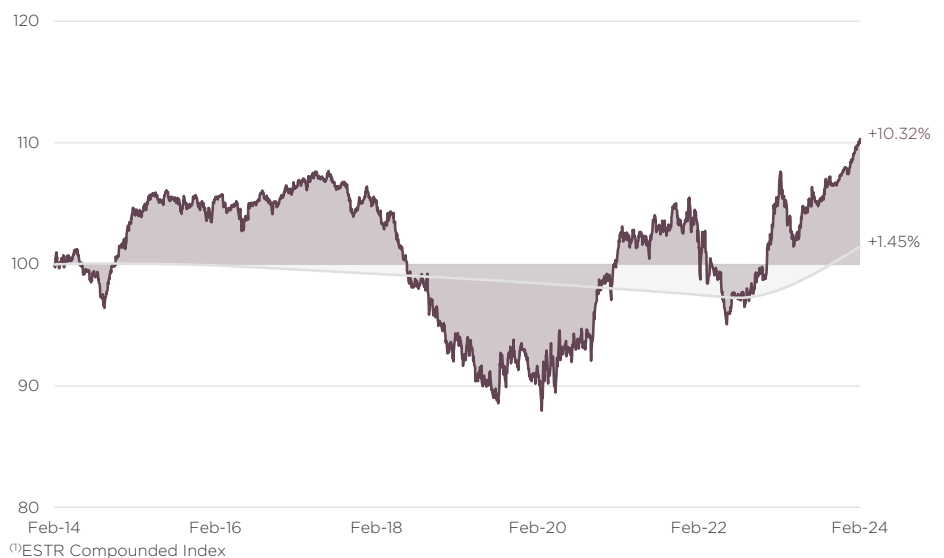
### Financial characteristics

NAV (€)	129.17
Net assets (€M)	282
Gross exposure	140.2%
Net exposure	5.7%
Net exposure (beta adjusted)	11.7%
Long positions	39

### Performance (from 28/02/2014 to 29/02/2024)

Past performance is not a guarantee of future performance

↗ DNCA INVEST MIURI (B Share) Cumulative performance ↗ Reference Index<sup>(1)</sup>



### Annualised performances and volatilities (%)

	1 year	2 years	5 years	10 years	Since inception
B Share	+4.04	+3.89	+3.20	+0.99	+2.12
Reference Index	+3.60	+1.99	+0.51	+0.14	+0.15
B Share - volatility	3.96	5.18	5.93	4.83	4.73
Reference Index - volatility	0.14	0.15	0.12	0.09	0.08

### Cumulative performances (%)

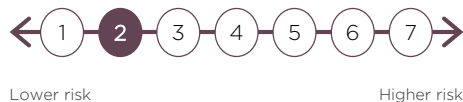
	1 month	YTD	1 year	2 years	5 years	10 years
B Share	+1.10	+2.18	+4.04	+7.94	+17.09	+10.32
Reference Index	+0.31	+0.66	+3.60	+4.03	+2.60	+1.42

### Calendar year performances (%)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
B Share	+9.03	-4.35	+5.19	+6.07	-2.52	-9.57	-0.24	+0.43	+3.33	+4.76
Reference Index	+3.28	-0.02	-0.49	-0.47	-0.40	-0.37	-0.36	-0.32	-0.11	+0.10

### Risk indicator

	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
Sharpe Ratio	1.02	0.58	0.54	0.20
Tracking error	3.96%	5.07%	5.93%	4.82%
Correlation coefficient	0.03	0.05	0.03	0.04
Information Ratio	0.11	0.35	0.45	0.18
Beta	0.85	1.83	1.38	1.97



Synthetic risk indicator according to PRIIPS. 1 corresponds to the lowest level and 7 to the highest level.

**Main risks:** risk of investing in derivative instruments as well as instruments embedding derivatives, equity risk, risk of capital loss, risk related to exchange rate, counterparty risk, credit risk, risk relating to discretionary management, sustainability risk, liquidity risk, risk relating to investments in derivative products, interest-rate risk

## Main positions

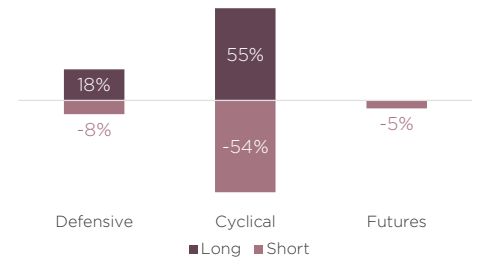
### Long

ASML HOLDING NV	4.16%
COMPAGNIE DE SAINT GOBAIN	4.16%
STELLANTIS NV	4.05%
VINCI SA	3.77%
LVMH	3.73%

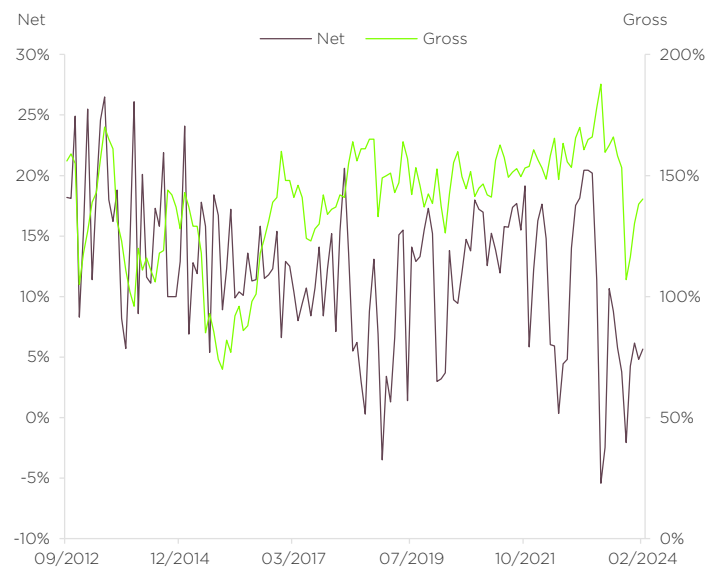
### Short

DAX	-13.76%
CAC 40	-12.17%
EURO STOXX 50	-11.55%
STOXX 600 Technology	-6.67%
STOXX 600 Industrials Goods & Services	-6.05%

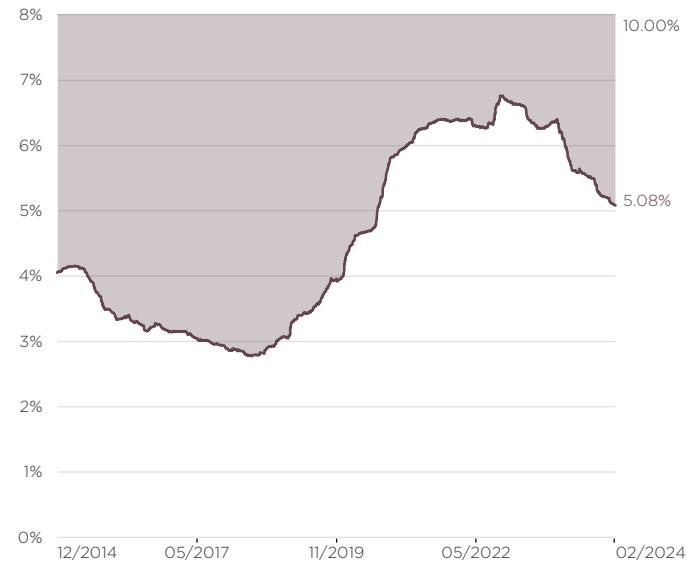
## Segment exposure



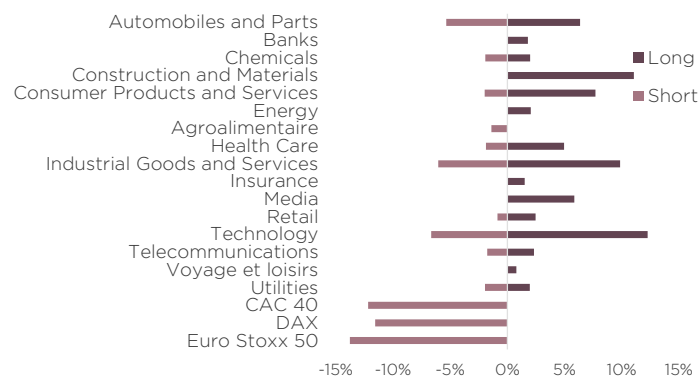
## Market exposure



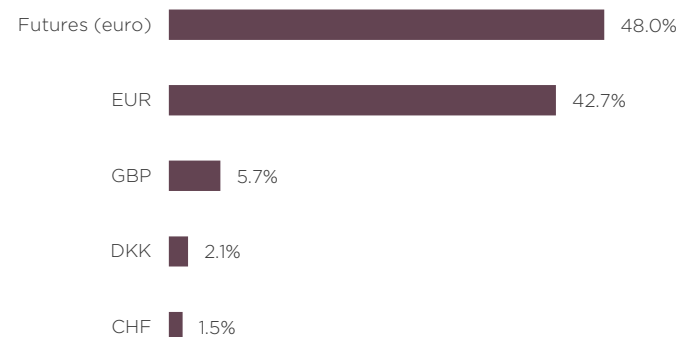
## 3 years volatility evolution



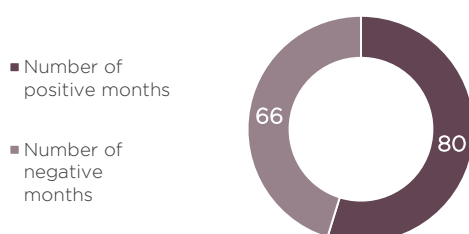
## Sector exposure



## Gross exposure to equities by currency



## Performance



	B Share	Index <sup>(1)</sup>
Worst performance 1 month	-2.91%	-0.05%
Best performance 1 month	5.08%	0.36%
Worst performance 1 quarter	-5.65%	-0.15%
Best performance 1 quarter	6.15%	0.99%

<sup>(1)</sup>ESTR Compounded Index

### Portfolio managers comments

The markets continued to rise in February, with the Eurostoxx 50 and S&P 500 jumping by almost 5% across the board, taking the increase to over 20% since the low point in October 2023. US macroeconomic data played a large part in the market rally, against a backdrop in which the "soft landing" theme has been replaced by a "no landing" theme. The slowdown in inflation is slightly slower than anticipated a few months ago, shifting expectations of the first rate cut to June (c. 60% probability estimate). In Europe, the data remains mixed, but supports our view that a low point in activity, particularly in manufacturing, is behind us.

From a microeconomic point of view, February was the month in which almost all companies published their annual results. The messages, which we had expected to be very cautious, were marginally more constructive than we had feared, leading in some cases to spectacular stock market rallies that were not always correlated with valuations. We end this publication season reassured about the fund's positioning.

In February, DNCA Invest Miuri gained 1.1% compared with 0.31% for its benchmark index. The month's main contributors were Stellantis (+60bp), CRH (+46bp), Schneider (+44bp) and ASML (+36bp). These performances are all correlated with the communication of these companies during the publication of their annual results.

Over and above the results, we have identified in these publications an appetite on the part of investors for a return to shareholders, and in particular for share buybacks. Share buybacks underline companies' confidence in their ability to generate cash in what is still a complicated period (especially in Europe), and have the advantage of boosting EPS at a time when growth is in short supply.

Stellantis published results in line with expectations, presented a reassuring message and a generous shareholder return programme (dividend and share buyback). In our opinion, CRH is now the most attractive company in the construction sector, in terms of its past results, its solid outlook and the proposed return to shareholders.

Schneider has passed the 2024 guidance test. The Group has succeeded in reconciling the prudence required in this year of 'transition' in Europe with its ambitious and attractive long-term plan, targeting growth of 6% to 8%, in line with LT targets of 7% to 10%.

ASML is benefiting from its good publication and, more generally, from all the positive messages from companies exposed to the AI theme.

Conversely, BNPP (-24bp), Dassault Systèmes (-14bp) and Deutsche Telekom (-8bp) weighed negatively. The publication of BNPP's results was disappointing and we reduced our position. The same applies to Dassault Systèmes.

The fund ended the month with a net exposure of 5.7%, in line with our top-down and bottom-up views.

New entries include Pluxee, the Sodexo spin-off, NKT (Danish cable specialist).

Text completed on 08/03/2024.



Alexis  
Albert



Augustin  
Picquendar



Valérie  
Hanna

## Administrative information

**Name:** DNCA INVEST Miuri  
**ISIN code (Share B):** LU0641745681  
**SFDR classification:** Art.8  
**Inception date:** 14/12/2011  
**Investment horizon:** Minimum 5 years  
**Currency:** Euro  
**Country of domicile:** Luxembourg  
**Legal form:** SICAV  
**Reference Index:** ESTR Compounded Index  
**Valuation frequency:** Daily  
**Management company:** DNCA Finance  
**Portfolio Managers:**  
 Alexis ALBERT  
 Augustin PICQUENDAR  
 Valérie HANNA

**Minimum investment:** None  
**Subscription fees:** 2% max  
**Redemption fees:** -  
**Management fees:** 2%  
**Ongoing charges as of 30/12/2022:** 2.09%  
**Performance fees:** 20% of the positive performance net of any fees above the index: €STR

**Custodian:** BNP Paribas - Luxembourg Branch  
**Settlement:** T+2  
**Cut off:** 12:00 Luxembourg time

## Legal information

**This is an advertising communication. Please refer to the Fund's Prospectus and Key Information Document before making any final investment decision.** This document is a promotional document for use by non-professional clients within the meaning of the MIFID II Directive. This document is a simplified presentation tool and does not constitute an offer to subscribe or investment advice. The information presented in this document is the property of DNCA Finance. It may not be distributed to third parties without the prior consent of DNCA Finance. The tax treatment depends on the situation of each, is the responsibility of the investor and remains at his expense. The Document d'Informations Clés and the Prospectus must be given to the investor, who must read them prior to any subscription. All the regulatory documents of the sub-fund are available free of charge on the website of the management company [www.dnca-investments.com](http://www.dnca-investments.com) or on written request to [dnca@dnca-investments.com](mailto:dnca@dnca-investments.com) or directly to the registered office of the company 19, Place Vendôme - 75001 Paris. Investments in the sub-fund entail risks, in particular the risk of loss of capital resulting in the loss of all or part of the amount initially invested. DNCA Finance may receive or pay a fee or retrocession in relation to the sub-fund(s) presented. DNCA Finance shall in no event be liable to any person for any direct, indirect or consequential loss or damage of any kind whatsoever resulting from any decision made on the basis of information contained in this document. This information is provided for information purposes only, in a simplified manner and may change over time or be modified at any time without notice.

Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

Sub-fund of DNCA INVEST Investment company with variable capital (SICAV) under Luxembourg law in the form of a Société Anonyme - domiciled at 60 Av. J.F. Kennedy - L-1855 Luxembourg. It is authorised by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (CSSF) and subject to the provisions of Chapter 15 of the Law of 17 December 2010.

DNCA Finance is a limited partnership (Société en Commandite Simple) approved by the Autorité des Marchés Financiers (AMF) as a portfolio management company under number GP00-030 and governed by the AMF's General Regulations, its doctrine and the Monetary and Financial Code. DNCA Finance is also a Non-Independent Investment Advisor within the meaning of the MIFID II Directive. DNCA Finance - 19 Place Vendôme-75001 Paris - e-mail: [dnca@dnca-investments.com](mailto:dnca@dnca-investments.com) - tel: +33 (0)1 58 62 55 00 - website: [www.dnca-investments.com](http://www.dnca-investments.com).

Any complaint may be addressed, free of charge, either to your usual contact (within DNCA Finance or within a delegate of DNCA Finance), or directly to the Head of Compliance and Internal Control (RCCI) of DNCA Finance by writing to the company's head office (19 Place Vendôme, 75001 Paris, France).

This Fund is being marketed as a public offering in Luxembourg. You can contact the DNCA Finance branch:

DNCA Finance Luxembourg Branch - 1 Place d'Armes - L-1136 Luxembourg

This product promotes environmental or social characteristics, but does not have as its objective a sustainable investment. It might invest partially in assets that have a sustainable objective, for instance qualified as sustainable according to the EU classification.

This product is subject to sustainability risks as defined in the Regulation 2019/2088 (article 2(22)) by environmental, social or governance event or condition that, if it occurs, could cause an actual or a potential material negative impact on the value of the investment.

If the portfolio investment process can incorporate ESG approach, the portfolio's investment objective is not primarily to mitigate this risk. The sustainability risk management policy is available on the website of the Management Company.

The reference benchmark as defined in the Regulation 2019/2088 (article 2(22)) does not intend to be consistent with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the fund.

### Glossary

**Beta.** Measures the average extent to which a fund moves relative to the broader market. The beta of a market is 1. A fund with a beta of more than 1 moves on average to a greater extent than the market. A fund with a beta of less than 1 moves on average to a lesser extent. If beta is a minus number, it is likely that the stock and the market move in opposite directions.

**CFD (Contract For Differences).** An arrangement made in a futures contract whereby differences in settlement are made through cash payments, rather than the delivery of physical goods or securities.

**Correlation coefficient.** The correlation coefficient is a measure of correlation. It is used to determine the relationship between two assets over a given period. A positive coefficient means that the two assets move in the same direction. Conversely, a negative coefficient means that the assets move in the opposite direction. The correlation or decorrelation can be more or less strong and varies between -1 and 1.

**Derivatives.** The collective name used for a broad class of financial instruments that derive their value from other underlying financial instruments. Futures, options and swaps are all types of derivative.

**Sharpe Ratio.** A way of measuring the historical risk-adjusted return on an investment. It is the average previous return minus the risk-free return, divided by the standard deviation (a measure of risk that looks at the diversion of actual returns from expected returns).

**Sharpe Ratio.** The Sharpe ratio measures the excess return over the risk-free money rate of an asset portfolio divided by the standard deviation of that return. It is therefore a measure of the marginal return per unit of risk. It is used to measure the performance of managers with different risk policies.

**Tracking error.** Tracking Error is a measure of how closely an investment portfolio follows the index against which it is benchmarked. It is the difference in the return earned by a portfolio and the return earned by the benchmark against which the portfolio is constructed. For example, if a bond portfolio earns a return of 5.15% during a period when the portfolio's benchmark (say, for example, the Lehman Brothers Index) produces a return of 5.06%, the tracking error is .09%, or 9 basis points.