DNCA INVEST

FLEX INFLATION

INTERNATIONAL INFLATION LINKED BONDS

Investment objective

The Sub-Fund seeks to provide, over the recommended investment period of more than three years, a higher performance, net of any fees, than the Bloomberg Barclays World Govt Inflation Linked Bonds Hedged EUR (Bloomberg ticker: BCIWIE Index). Investors' attention is drawn to the fact that the management style is discretionary and integrates environmental, social/societal and governance (ESG) criteria.

To achieve its investment objective, the investment strategy is based on active discretionary management.

Financial characteristics

NAV (€) 114.25 Net assets (€M) 187 82.0% Bloomberg liquidity score Average modified duration 10.32 Volatility ex ante 5.33% 1.80% Tracking Error ex ante

Performance (from 13/12/2017 to 30/05/2025)



The performances are calculated net of any fees.

Annualised performances and vola	tilities (%)							
					1 year	3 years	5 years	Since inception
B Share					-0.84	+0.76	+3.21	+1.80
Reference Index					+0.58	-3.24	-2.40	-0.65
B Share - volatility					4.04	4.49	4.47	5.17
Reference Index - volatility					4.72	7.97	7.46	7.23
Cumulative performances (%)								
			1 month	3 months	YTD	1 year	3 years	5 years
B Share			-0.42	-1.79	-0.14	-0.84	+2.30	+17.14
Reference Index			-0.77	-1.19	+0.83	+0.58	-9.42	-11.43
Calendar year performances (%)								
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
B Share Reference Index		-0.17 -2.01	+2.25 +2.02	+0.37 -18.94	+7.55 +4.66	+2.53 +8.34	+3.34 +5.36	-2.24 -2.62
Risk indicator					1 year	3 years	5 years	Since inception
	Sharpe Ratio				-0.89	-0.43	0.41	0.18
(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7)	Tracking error				2.44%	5.66%	6.03%	6.07%
Lower risk Higher risk	Correlation coefficient	t			0.86	0.72	0.59	0.56
	Information Ratio				-0.67	0.71	0.93	0.40
Synthetic risk indicator according to PRIIPS. 1 corresponds to the lowest level and 7 to the highest level.	Beta				0.73	0.41	0.35	0.40

Main risks: risk of capital loss, interest-rate risk, risk relating to discretionary management, credit risk, inflation risk, counterparty risk, risk relating to investments in derivative products, risk related to exchange rate, liquidity risk, equity risk, ESG risk, sustainability risk

1/5 Data as of 30 May 2025

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Exposure by modified duration

	Fixed rate	Inflation -linked	Total	Index
Canada	-0.30	0.93	0.63	0.21
Australia		0.57	0.57	0.07
France		1.22	1.22	0.73
Italy		1.60	1.60	0.51
Japan		0.27	0.27	0.09
New Zealand		0.91	0.91	0.03
Spain		1.22	1.22	0.18
United Kingdom		1.84	1.84	2.97
USA		2.07	2.07	3.49
Denmark			0.00	0.01
Germany			0.00	0.19
Sweden			0.00	0.03
Euro	-1.15	1.12	-0.02	
Modified duration	-1.44	11.76	10.32	8.52

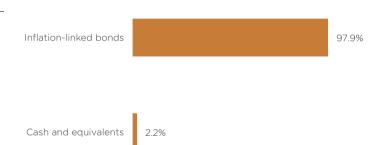
Exposure by country

	Fixed rate	Inflation -linked	Total	Index
Canada	-4.17%	9.65%	5.47%	1.66%
Australia		6.14%	6.14%	0.91%
France		11.37%	11.37%	9.43%
Italy		18.56%	18.56%	7.05%
Japan		3.55%	3.55%	1.96%
New Zealand		8.16%	8.16%	0.41%
Spain		13.69%	13.69%	2.94%
United Kingdom		10.32%	10.32%	20.79%
USA		16.43%	16.43%	52.04%
Denmark			0.00%	0.21%
Germany			0.00%	1.96%
Sweden			0.00%	0.66%
Euro		13.32%	13.32%	
Exposition	-4 17%	111 20%	107 02%	100 01%

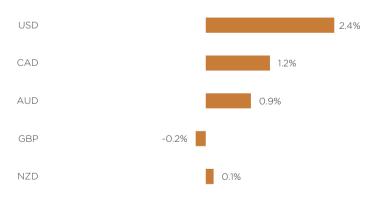
Main positions+

	Weight
BTPS 1.8 05/15/36	12.55%
SPGBEI 0.7 11/30/33	10.65%
UKTI 0 5/8 03/22/45	10.32%
CANRRB 3 12/01/36	9.65%
TII 2 1/8 01/15/35	9.63%

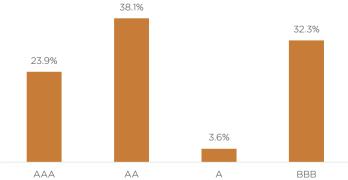
Asset class breakdown



Exposure by currency



Exposure by rating



These data are provided for guidance purposes only. The management company does not systematically and automatically use ratings issued by credit rating agencies and carry out its own credit analysis.

^{*}The figure between brackets represents the issuer's 'responsibility' score. Please refer to the Internal Extra-financial analysis page for the analysis methodology.

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Portfolio managers comments

The month of May was marked by an intensification of fiscal tensions in the United States, as well as renewed uncertainty on the trade front. The passage by the House of Representatives of the Trump administration's new tax proposal. The "Big Beautiful Bill" has rekindled fears about the sustainability of the US debt trajectory. The initiative, which combines an extension of the 2017 tax cuts, increased military spending and targeted tax breaks, could widen the federal deficit by more than \$4 trillion over ten years. At the same time, Moody's downgraded the US sovereign rating to Aa1, joining S&P and Fitch.

On the economic front, economic publications in the United States confirmed the resilience of the economy. PMIs returned to expansionary territory, buoyed by a joint improvement in services and manufacturing. Household spending remained solid, and incomes surprised on the upside. Thus, the persistent robustness of the labor market continues to dampen the scenario of rapid monetary easing. Several Fed members reiterated their caution, pointing out that the potential effects of the envisaged rate hikes could be stagflationary.

In Europe, inflation surprised on the downside, notably in France, Spain and Italy, reinforcing the likelihood of further rate cuts by the ECB in June. In the short term, growth momentum remains weak (PMI in contraction territory, deteriorating business confidence, etc.), and uncertainty linked to US trade policy is weighing on visibility. In the long term, the prospect of Germany's infrastructure stimulus plan and increased defense spending across the continent raises hopes of a moderate growth rebound in 2026. Thus, without a rapid deterioration in the global context, or a collapse in inflation expectations, it is now clear that the ECB's bearish cycle is nearing its end.

We are maintaining our interest-rate exposure above 10. The macroeconomic context supports a general easing of real interest rates. We still consider this asset class to be more relevant than nominal bonds, given the risk involved and the expected level of inflation (customs barriers, etc.).

On the portfolio side, we have sold our long exposure to inflation-indexed Mexican debt and refocused our purchases on the eurozone, which we consider more attractive.

Text completed on 12/06/2025.



Pascal Gilbert



François Collet



Fabien Georges



Paul Lentz



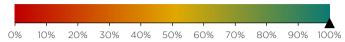
Thibault Chrapaty

DNCA INVEST FLEX INFLATION

INTERNATIONAL INFLATION LINKED BONDS

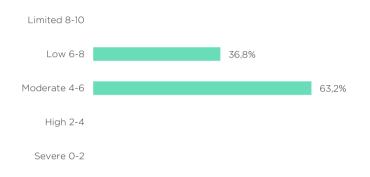


ABA coverage rate+(100%)



Average ESG Score: 5.6/10

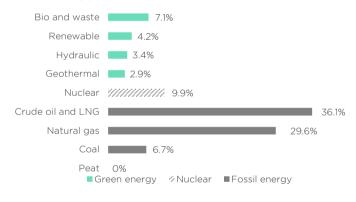
ESG risk breakdown(1)



International norm based compliance



Energy supply mix breakdown



Carbon intensity

	Amount
Production intensity (tCO ₂ /M Euros Debt)	285.0
Production intensity (tCO ₂ /M Euros GDP)	270.9

Sustainablity engagements

	Weight	portfolio
UN Paris agreement (COP 21)	100%	9
UN biodiversity convention	83.2%	8
Coal phase out	90.1%	7
Signatory to the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Agreement	100%	9

Analysis methodology

We develop proprietary models based on our expertise and conviction to add tangible value in the selection of portfolio securities. DNCA's ESG analysis model, Above & Beyond Analysis (ABA), respects this principle and offers a rating that we control the entire construction. Information from companies is the main input to our rating. The methodologies for calculating ESG indicators and our responsible investor and engagement policy are available on our website by clicking here.

(1) The rating out of 10 integrates 4 responsibility risks: governance, environmental, social and societal. Regardless of their geographical area, 15 indicators are evaluated such as democratic life, climate change, education and employment, health, living conditions, freedoms and respect for fundamental rights, inequalities...

⁽²⁾ Total energy supply means the overall supply of energy for all activities on the territory of the country, but excluding international aviation and maritime bunkers. It includes energy needs for energy transformation (including generating electricity from combustible fuels), support operations of the energy sector itself, transmission and distribution losses, final energy consumption (industry, transport, households, services, agriculture, ...) and the use of fossil fuel products for non-energy purposes (e.g. in the chemical industry). It excludes international aviation and maritime bunkers, but it might include other fuels purchased within the country that are used elsewhere (e.g. "fuel tourism" in the case of road transport).

Countries in

⁺The coverage rate measures the proportion of issuers (government bonds) taken into account in the calculation of the extra-financial indicators. This measure is calculated as a % of the fund's net assets adjusted for cash, money market instruments, derivatives and any vehicle outside the scope of "listed government bonds". The coverage rate of the portfolio and the benchmark is identical for all indicators presented.

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Administrative information

Name: DNCA INVEST Flex Inflation ISIN code (Share B): LU1694790202

SFDR classification: Art.8 Inception date: 13/12/2017

Investment horizon: Minimum 3 years

Currency: Euro

Country of domicile: Luxembourg

Legal form: SICAV

Reference Index: Bloomberg Barclays World Govt Inflation Linked Bonds

Hedged EUR

Valuation frequency: Daily

Management company: DNCA Finance

Portfolio Managers:

Pascal GILBERT François COLLET Fabien GEORGES Paul LENTZ Thibault CHRAPATY

Minimum investment: 0 EUR Subscription fees: 1% max Redemption fees: -Management fees: 1.40%

Ongoing charges as of 31/12/2023: 1.50% Performance fees: 20% of the positive performance net of any fees above the index: Bloomberg Barclays World Govt Inflation Linked Bonds Hedged EUR with High Water Mark

Custodian: BNP Paribas - Luxembourg

Branch

Settlement: T+2

Cut off: 12:00 Luxembourg time

Legal information

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Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

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DNCA Finance is a limited partnership (Société en Commandite Simple) approved by the Autorité des Marchés Financiers (AMF) as a portfolio management company under number GP00-030 and governed by the AMF's General Regulations, its doctrine and the Monetary and Financial Code. DNCA Finance is also a Non-Independent Investment Advisor within the meaning of the MIFID II Directive. DNCA Finance - 19 Place Vendôme-75001 Paris - e-mail: dnca@dnca-investments.com - tel: +33 (0)1 58 62 55 00 - website: www.dnca-investments.com

Any complaint may be addressed, free of charge, either to your usual contact (within DNCA Finance or within a delegate of DNCA Finance), or directly to the Head of Compliance and Internal Control (RCCI) of DNCA Finance by writing to the company's head office (19 Place Vendôme, 75001 Paris, France). In the event of persistent disagreement, you may have access to mediation. The list of out-of-court dispute resolution bodies and their contact details according to your country and/or that of the service provider concerned can be freely consulted by following the link https://finance.ec.europa.eu/consumer-finance-and-payments/retail-financial-services/financial-dispute-resolution-network-fin-net/members-fin-net-country_fr.

A summary of investors' rights is available in English at the following link: https://www.dnca-investments.com/en/regulatory-information

This Fund is being marketed as a public offering in Luxembourg. You can contact the DNCA Finance branch: DNCA Finance Luxembourg Branch - 1 Place d'Armes - L-1136 Luxembourg

This product promotes environmental or social characteristics, but does not have as its objective a sustainable investment. It might invest partially in assets that have a sustainable objective, for instance qualified as sustainable according to the EU classification.

This product is subject to sustainability risks as defined in the Regulation 2019/2088 (article 2(22)) by environmental, social or governance event or condition that, if it occurs, could cause an actual or a potential material negative impact on the value of the investment.

If the portfolio investment process can incorporate ESG approach, the portfolio's investment objective is not primarily to mitigate this risk. The sustainability risk management policy is available on the website of the Management Company.

The reference benchmark as defined in the Regulation 2019/2088 (article 2(22)) does not intend to be consistent with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the fund.

Glossary

Beta. Measures the average extent to which a fund moves relative to the broader market. The beta of a market is 1. A fund with a beta of more than 1 moves on average to a greater extent than the market. A fund with a beta of less than 1 moves on average to a lesser extent. If beta is a minus number, it is likely that the stock and the market move in opposite directions.

Correlation coefficient. The correlation coefficient is a measure of correlation. It is used to determine the relationship between two assets over a given period. A positive coefficient means that the two assets move in the same direction. Conversely, a negative coefficient means that the assets move in the opposite direction. The correlation or decorrelation can be more or less strong and varies between -1 and 1.

Sharpe Ratio. The Sharpe ratio measures the excess return over the risk-free money rate of an asset portfolio divided by the standard deviation of that return. It is therefore a measure of the marginal return per unit of risk. It is used to measure the performance of managers with different risk policies.

Sharpe Ratio. A way of measuring the historical risk-adjusted return on an investment. It is the average previous return minus the risk-free return, divided by the standard deviation (a measure of risk that looks at the diversion of actual returns from expected returns).

Tracking error. Tracking Error is a measure of how closely an investment portfolio follows the index against which it is benchmarked. It is the difference in the return earned by a portfolio and the return earned by the benchmark against which the portfolio is constructed. For example, if a bond portfolio earns a return of 5.15% during a period when the portfolio's benchmark (say, for example, the Lehman Brothers Index) produces a return of 5.06%, the tracking error is .09%, or 9 basis points.