





#### Investment objective

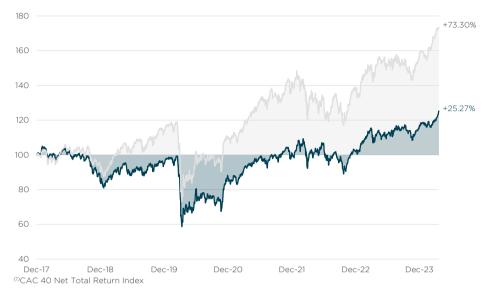
The investment objective is to seek to outperform the CAC 40 index calculated on the basis of dividends reinvested over the recommended investment period, in particular by selecting stocks meeting socially responsible investment criteria. To achieve its investment objective, the investment strategy is based on active discretionary management.

#### **Financial characteristics**

NAV (€)	475.17
Net assets (€M)	942
Number of equities holdings	37
Average market cap. (€Bn)	45
Price to Earning Ratio 2024 <sup>e</sup>	9.4x
Price to Book 2023	1.0x
EV/EBITDA 2024 <sup>e</sup>	4.8x
ND/EBITDA 2023	0.8x
Free Cash Flow yield 2024 <sup>e</sup>	8.80%
Dividend yield 2023 <sup>e</sup>	4.32%

#### Performance (from 07/12/2017 to 28/03/2024) Past performance is not a guarantee of future performance

CENTIFOLIA (N Share) Cumulative performance N Reference Index<sup>(1)</sup>



### Annualised performances and volatilities (%)

			1 year	3 years	5 years	Since inception
N Share			+12.70	+10.16	+6.95	+3.64
Reference Index			+14.68	+12.97	+11.18	+9.11
N Share - volatility			9.96	14.23	19.28	18.08
Reference Index - volatility			11.91	17.17	20.57	19.32
Cumulative performan	ices (%)					
	1 month 3	3 months	YTD	1 year	3 years	5 years
N Share	+5.28	+6.06	+6.06	+12.70	+33.61	+39.95
Reference Index	+3.59	+8.98	+8.98	+14.68	+44.09	+69.95
Calendar year perform	nances (%)	)				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
N Share	+15.91	-0.41	+20.66	-13.03	+16.58	-16.28
Reference Index	+19.26	-7.37	+31.07	-5.57	+29.24	-8.88

#### **Risk indicator**



	1 year	3 years	5 years	Since inception
Tracking error	6.33%	7.80%	7.49%	7.07%
Correlation coefficient	0.85	0.89	0.93	0.93
Beta	0.71	0.74	0.87	0.87

Synthetic risk indicator according to PRIIPS. corresponds to the lowest level and 7 to the highest level.

Main risks: equity risk, risk relating to small-cap equity investments, risk relating to discretionary management, risk of capital loss, risk related to exchange rate, interest-rate risk, credit risk, risk related to investing in speculative securities, specific Risks linked to Convertible, Exchangeable and Mandatory Convertible Bonds, sustainability risk

Since

# CENTIFOLIA FRENCH VALUE EQUITIES



## Main positions\*

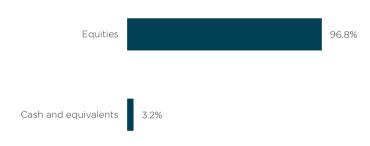
	Weight
TOTALENERGIES SE (4.1)	9.43%
SANOFI (5.2)	8.11%
BNP PARIBAS (3.9)	6.29%
COMPAGNIE DE SAINT GOBAIN (5.7)	5.49%
BOUYGUES SA (5.3)	5.22%
ORANGE (4.3)	4.85%
CREDIT AGRICOLE SA (6.2)	4.84%
SOPRA STERIA GROUP (5.5)	4.76%
SOCIETE GENERALE SA (3.5)	4.74%
STMICROELECTRONICS NV (6.6)	3.81%
	57.54%

# Monthly performance contributions

Past performance is not a guarantee of future performance

Best	Weight	Contribution
BNP PARIBAS	6.29%	+1.05%
TOTALENERGIES SE	9.43%	+0.82%
THALES SA	3.52%	+0.57%
SOCIETE GENERALE SA	4.74%	+0.48%
CREDIT AGRICOLE SA	4.84%	+0.47%
Worst	Weight	Contribution
Worst SOPRA STERIA GROUP	<b>Weight</b> 4.76%	Contribution -0.28%
SOPRA STERIA GROUP	4.76%	-0.28%
SOPRA STERIA GROUP STMICROELECTRONICS NV	4.76% 3.81%	-0.28% -0.17%

## Asset class breakdown



# Market Cap breakdown



## Sector breakdown (ICB)

	Fund	Index
Banks	15.9%	5.8%
Construction and Materials	13.5%	5.5%
Energy	9.7%	8.4%
Technology	8.8%	4.7%
Health Care	8.1%	9.4%
Industrial Goods and Services	7.7%	19.0%
Media	7.1%	1.6%
Telecommunications	5.7%	1.1%
Food, Beverage and Tobacco	5.5%	3.7%
Automobiles and Parts	5.3%	5.2%
Insurance	2.0%	3.5%
Utilities	1.9%	2.5%
Basic Resources	1.3%	0.7%
Retail	1.2%	-
Personal Care, Drug and Grocery	1.2%	0.5%
Consumer Products and Services	1.1%	22.1%
Chemicals	0.8%	5.4%
Cash and equivalents	3.2%	N/A

# Country breakdown

	Fund	Index
France	93.0%	89.3%
Netherlands	3.8%	10.0%
Cash and equivalents	3.2%	N/A

# Changes to portfolio holdings\*

In: None
Out: TECHNIP ENERGIES NV (3.5)





#### Portfolio managers comments

The markets' unshakeable confidence in the prospect of monetary easing by the ECB in June has enabled the equity markets to reach new highs. Exceeding 8,200, the CAC40 recorded its 5th consecutive month of gains. After deteriorating in 2023, economic indicators are stabilising at a low level. Economic recovery is expected in the second half of the year, with a resumption of credit and more dynamic consumption.

For the 1er quarter, Centifolia rose by 6.06% while the CAC40NR appreciated by 8.98%. Despite the rise in long-term interest rates, growth stocks made a strong contribution to the rise in the Paris index. Although the portfolio's relative performance was penalised, some of Centifolia's stocks, such as BNP Paribas, Renault and Thales, all gained more than 15% over the last month.

Two value positions (PER close to 7x 24), TF1 and Téléperformance, were increased in March. Conversely, the fund took partial profits on Ipsos, Rexel, Thales and Veolia Environnement. Lastly, the fund sold its Technip Energies line after the sharp rise in the stock's value over the last 2 years. Representing more than 15% of assets, banks remain the most heavily represented sector due to their discounted value, cyclical momentum and high shareholder returns. Overall, the equity exposure rate is close to 97%.

After 5 months of virtually uninterrupted gains, the markets are expected to enter a consolidation phase. A lot of the good news now seems to be priced in, while many uncertainties remain. The forthcoming reversal of the monetary cycle is undoubtedly a major factor, but the pace and scale of the ECB's monetary easing may be overestimated by the markets. If expectations are disappointed, painful adjustments are to be expected.

Text completed on 09/04/2024.



Jean-Charles Meriaux



Lanternier, CFA



Le Clainche



Brunet-Manardo

CENTIFOLIA FRENCH VALUE EQUITIES



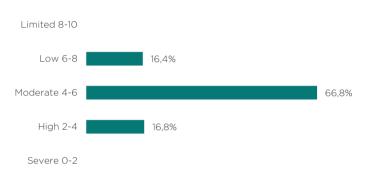
### Internal extra-financial analysis



0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%

Average Responsibility Score: 5.0/10

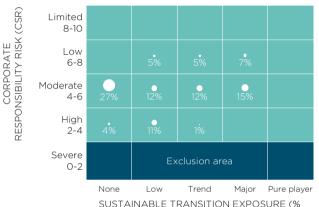
### Responsibility risk breakdown<sup>(1)</sup>



### Selectivity universe exclusion rate

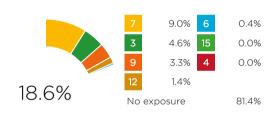


### Transition/CSR exposure<sup>(2)</sup>

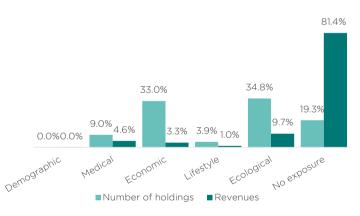


Revenue)

### SDG's exposure<sup>(3)</sup> (% of revenues)



### Sustainable transitions exposure<sup>(4)</sup>



## Analysis methodology

We develop proprietary models based on our expertise and conviction to add tangible value in the selection of portfolio securities. DNCA's ESG analysis model, Above & Beyond Analysis (ABA), respects this principle and offers a rating that we control the entire construction. Information from companies is the main input to our rating. The methodologies for calculating ESG indicators and our responsible investor and engagement policy are available on our website <u>by clicking here</u>.

<sup>(1)</sup> The rating out of 10 integrates 4 risks of responsibility: shareholder, environmental, social and societal. Whatever their sector of activity, 24 indicators are evaluated, such as social climate, accounting risks, suppliers, business ethics, energy policy, quality of management.

<sup>(2)</sup> The ABA Matrix combines the Responsibility Risk and the Sustainable Transition exposure of the portfolio. It allows us to It allows companies to be mapped using a risk/opportunity approach.

<sup>(3)</sup> 1 No poverty. 2 Zero hunger. 3 Good health and well-being. 4 Quality education. 5 Gender equality. 5 Clean water and sanitation.
 <sup>(3)</sup> Clean and affordable energy. 3 Decent work and economic growth. 9 Industry, innovation and infrastructure. 10 Reduced inequalities.
 <sup>(3)</sup> Sustainable cities and communities. 2 Sustainable consumption and production. 3 Tackling climate change. 4 Aquatic life. 5 Terrestrial life. 6 Peace, justice and effective institutions. 7 Partnerships to achieve the goals.

<sup>(4)</sup> 5 transitions based on a long-term perspective of the financing of the economy allow the identification of activities with a positive contribution to sustainable development and to measure the exposure of companies in terms of turnover as well as exposure to the UN Sustainable Development Goals.

<sup>\*</sup>The coverage rate measures the proportion of issuers (equities and corporate bonds) taken into account in the calculation of the extra-financial indicators. This measure is calculated as a % of the fund's net assets adjusted for cash, money market instruments, derivatives and any vehicle outside the scope of "listed equities and corporate bonds".

CENTIFOLIA FRENCH VALUE EQUITIES



# Principal Adverse Impacts

PAI	Unit	Fund		Ref. Index	
		Coverage	Value	Coverage	Value
PAI Corpo 1_1 - Tier 1 GHG emissions	T CO <sub>2</sub>	92%	48,910	100%	63,973
PAI Corpo 1_2 - Tier 2 GHG emissions	T CO <sub>2</sub>	92%	11,841	100%	20,403
PAI Corpo 1_3 - Tier 3 GHG emissions	T CO <sub>2</sub>	92%	508,606	100%	619,960
PAI Corpo 1T - Total GHG emissions	T CO <sub>2</sub>	92%	566,007	100%	704,784
PAI Corpo 2 - Carbon footprint	T CO <sub>2</sub> /EUR million invested	92%	602	100%	773
PAI Corpo 3 - GHG intensity	T CO <sub>2</sub> /EUR million sales	92%	851	100%	1,269
PAI Corpo 4 - Share of investments in companies active in the fossil fuel sector		11%	9%	11%	11%
PAI Corpo 5 - Share of non-renewable energy consumption and production		92%	77%	99%	70%
PAI Corpo 6_TOTAL - Energy consumption intensity by sector with high climate impact NACE	GWh / EUR million sales	92%	0.3	99%	0.6
PAI Corpo 7 - Activities with a negative impact on biodiversity-sensitive areas		2%	0%	0%	0%
PAI Corpo 8 - Water discharges	T Water Emissions	5%	11	5%	9
PAI Corpo 9 - Hazardous or radioactive waste ratio	T Hazardous Waste	43%	523,815	62%	275,651
PAI Corpo 10 - Violations of UNGC and OECD principles		92%	0%	100%	1%
PAI Corpo 11 - Lack of UNGC and OECD compliance processes and mechanisms		92%	5%	100%	4%
PAI Corpo 12 - Unadjusted gender pay gap		49%	15%	40%	12%
PAI Corpo 13 - Gender diversity in governance bodies		92%	46%	100%	44%
PAI Corpo 14 - Exposure to controversial weapons		92%	0%	100%	0%
PAI Corpo OPT_1 - Water use	m³/EUR mIn sales	7%	1	2%	0
PAI Corpo OPT_2 - Water recycling		2%	0%	0%	
PAI Corpo OPT_3 - Number of days lost due to injury, accident, death or illness		53%	316	56%	110
PAI Corpo 3_SC12 - PAI_CORPO_3_SC12 Source : MSCI	T CO <sub>2</sub> /EUR million sales				



### Administrative information

Name: Centifolia ISIN code (Share N): FR0013294253 SFDR classification: Art.8 Inception date: 07/12/2017 Investment horizon: Minimum 5 years Currency: Euro Country of domicile: France Legal form: FCP Reference Index: CAC 40 Net Total Return Index Valuation frequency: Daily

Management company: DNCA Finance

#### Portfolio Managers:

Jean-Charles MERIAUX Damien LANTERNIER, CFA Adrien LE CLAINCHE Emilie BRUNET-MANARDO

Minimum investment: None Subscription fees: 2% max Redemption fees: -Management fees: 1.30% Ongoing charges as of 30/06/2022: 1.38% Performance fees: 20% of the positive performance net of any fees above the index: CAC 40 NR

Custodian: CIC Settlement: T+2 Cut off: 12:30 Paris time

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Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.

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CENTIFOLIA, a French mutual fund domiciled at 19 place Vendôme 75001 Paris, complies with Directive 2009/65/EC.

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A summary of investors' rights is available in English at the following link: https://www.dnca-investments.com/en/regulatory-information

This Fund is being marketed as a public offering in Luxembourg. You can contact the DNCA Finance branch:

DNCA Finance Luxembourg Branch - 1 Place d'Armes - L-1136 Luxembourg

This product promotes environmental or social characteristics, but does not have as its objective a sustainable investment. It might invest partially in assets that have a sustainable objective, for instance qualified as sustainable according to the EU classification.

This product is subject to sustainability risks as defined in the Regulation 2019/2088 (article 2(22)) by environmental, social or governance event or condition that, if it occurs, could cause an actual or a potential material negative impact on the value of the investment.

If the portfolio investment process can incorporate ESG approach, the portfolio's investment objective is not primarily to mitigate this risk. The sustainability risk management policy is available on the website of the Management Company.

The reference benchmark as defined in the Regulation 2019/2088 (article 2(22)) does not intend to be consistent with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the fund.







#### Glossarv

Beta. Measures the average extent to which a fund moves relative to the broader market. The beta of a market is 1. A fund with a beta of more than 1 moves on average to a greater extent than the market. A fund with a beta of less than 1 moves on average to a lesser extent. If beta is a minus number, it is likely that the stock and the market move in opposite directions.

Correlation coefficient. The correlation coefficient is a measure of correlation. It is used to determine the relationship between two assets over a given period. A positive coefficient means that the two assets move in the same direction. Conversely, a negative coefficient means that the assets move in the opposite direction. The correlation or decorrelation can

means that the two assets move in the same direction. Conversely, a negative coefficient means that the assets move in the opposite direction. The correlation or decorrelation can be more or less strong and varies between -1 and 1. Dividend yield. Annual dividends per share / Price per share EV (Enterprise Value). Market value of common stock + market value of preferred equity + market value of debt + minority interest - cash and investments. ND/EBITDA (Net Debt / EBITDA). A measurement of leverage, calculated as a company's interest-bearing liabilities minus cash or cash equivalents, divided by its EBITDA. The net debt to EBITDA ratio is a debt ratio that shows how many years it would take for a company to pay back its debt if net debt and EBITDA are held constant.

P/B. The Price to Book Ratio is the ratio of the market value of equity (market capitalisation) to its book value. It is used to compare the market valuation of a company with its book value.

P/CF (Share price/Cash Flow per Share). The price-to-cash-flow ratio is an indicator of a stock's valuation. P/CF (Price Earnings Ratio). A company's share price divided by the amount of profits it makes for each share in a 12-month period. PE ratios are normally calculated on the base of all the profit made in the period, whether or not the profit is paid out to shareholders in that period.

ROE (Return On Equity). The amount of net income returned as a percentage of shareholders equity. Return on equity measures a corporation's profitability by revealing how much profit a company generates with the money shareholders have invested.

Sharpe Ratio. A way of measuring the historical risk-adjusted return on an investment. It is the average previous return minus the risk-free return, divided by the standard deviation (a measure of risk that looks at the diversion of actual returns from expected returns).

Sharpe Ratio. The Sharpe ratio measures the excess return over the risk-free money rate of an asset portfolio divided by the standard deviation of that return. It is therefore a measure of the marginal return per unit of risk. It is used to measure the performance of managers with different risk policies.

Tracking error. Tracking Error is a measure of how closely an investment portfolio follows the index against which it is benchmarked. It is the difference in the return earned by a portfolio and the return earned by the benchmark against which the portfolio is constructed. For example, if a bond portfolio earns a return of 5.15% during a period when the portfolio's benchmark (say, for example, the Lehman Brothers Index) produces a return of 5.06%, the tracking error is .09%, or 9 basis points.