318.81

860

36

42

10.5x

10x

4.6x

0.6x

7.80%

3.99%



# CENTIFOLIA FRENCH VALUE EQUITIES

# Investment objective

The investment objective is to seek to outperform the CAC 40 index calculated on the basis of dividends reinvested over the recommended investment period, in particular by selecting stocks meeting socially responsible investment criteria. To achieve its investment objective, the investment strategy is based on active discretionary management.

## **Financial characteristics**

NAV (€) Net assets (€M)

Number of equities holdings Average market cap. (€Bn)

Price to Earning Ratio 2025<sup>e</sup> Price to Book 2024 EV/EBITDA 2025<sup>e</sup> ND/EBITDA 2024 Free Cash Flow yield 2025<sup>e</sup> Dividend yield 2024<sup>e</sup>

# Performance (from 29/05/2015 to 30/05/2025)

Past performance is not a guarantee of future performance CENTIFOLIA (D Share) Cumulative performance N Reference Index<sup>(1)</sup> 225 200 +93.87% 175 +59.92% 150 125 100 75 50 May-15 Mav-17 Mav-19 May-21 Mav-23 Mav-25 (1)CAC 40 NR

The performances are calculated net of any fees.

# Annualised performances and volatilities (%)

						1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years	Since inception
D Share						+5.92	+9.25	+13.49	+4.22	+7.27
Reference Index						-0.67	+8.77	+13.10	+6.84	+7.40
D Share - volatility						15.61	14.02	16.27	17.36	17.41
Reference Index - volatility						16.86	15.49	17.54	18.91	21.25
Cumulative performance	<b>es</b> (%)									
					1 month	YTD	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
D Share					+4.24	+18.51	+5.92	+30.38	+88.42	+51.20
Reference Index					+3.45	+7.07	-0.67	+28.70	+85.16	+93.87
Calendar year performa	nces (%)									
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
D Share Reference Index	-0.61 +0.17	+16.02 +19.26	-1.48 -7.37	+19.35 +31.07	-15.82 -5.57	+15.32 +29.24	-17.20 -8.88	+14.38 +11.69	+4.64 +7.67	+13.27 +10.92
Risk indicator							1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years
	$\frown \frown \bullet$	Sharpe R	Ratio				0.22	0.47	0.74	0.20
(1)(2)(3)(4)(5)(4)(5)(4)(5)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)(6)	$6 + 7 \rightarrow$	Tracking	error				7.23%	7.66%	8.11%	7.11%
Lower risk	Higher risk	Correlati	on coeffic	ient			0.90	0.87	0.89	0.93
	-	Informati	ion Ratio				0.97	0.06	0.05	-0.37
Synthetic risk indicator according to PRII corresponds to the lowest level and 7 to t level.		Beta					0.84	0.79	0.82	0.85

Main risks: equity risk, risk relating to small-cap equity investments, risk relating to discretionary management, risk of capital loss, risk related to exchange rate, interest-rate risk, credit risk, risk related to investing in speculative securities, specific Risks linked to Convertible, Exchangeable and Mandatory Convertible Bonds, sustainability risk



70.5%

# Main positions\*

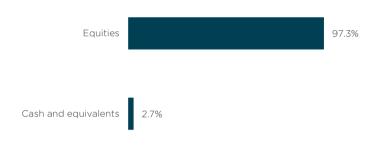
	Weight
BNP PARIBAS (4.1)	8.06%
SOCIETE GENERALE SA (3.7)	8.06%
TOTALENERGIES SE (3.8)	7.80%
SANOFI (4.9)	7.22%
COMPAGNIE DE SAINT GOBAIN (6.0)	5.71%
L.D.C. SA (4.0)	4.88%
DASSAULT AVIATION SA (3.1)	4.76%
BOUYGUES SA (5.3)	4.64%
THALES SA (5.0)	4.35%
SOPRA STERIA GROUP (5.5)	4.10%
	59.57%

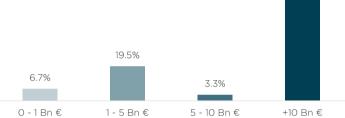
# Monthly performance contributions

Past performance is not a guarantee of future performance

Best	Weight	Contribution
BNP PARIBAS	8.06%	+0.82%
SOCIETE GENERALE SA	8.06%	+0.60%
L.D.C. SA	4.88%	+0.44%
THALES SA	4.35%	+0.42%
MICHELIN (CGDE)	3.05%	+0.27%
Worst	Weight	Contribution
Worst SANOFI	<b>Weight</b> 7.22%	Contribution -0.38%
SANOFI	7.22%	-0.38%
SANOFI TELEPERFORMANCE	7.22% 1.81%	-0.38% -0.07%

# Asset class breakdown





# Sector breakdown (ICB)

		Fund	Index
Banks		20.1%	7.6%
Construction and Materials		12.3%	6.8%
Industrial Goods and Services		10.9%	22.7%
Energy		8.4%	6.7%
Food, Beverage and Tobacco		7.9%	3.8%
Health Care		7.2%	10.6%
Media		7.0%	1.3%
Technology		6.7%	3.4%
Automobiles and Parts		4.2%	3.0%
Retail		3.0%	-
Telecommunications		3.0%	1.4%
Consumer Products and Services		2.6%	17.1%
Insurance		1.5%	4.4%
Basic Resources		1.3%	0.7%
Personal Care, Drug and Grocery	1	0.7%	0.4%
Chemicals	1	0.5%	6.0%
Real Estate		0.0%	0.6%
Cash and equivalents		2.7%	N/A

# Country breakdown

Market Cap breakdown

	Fund	Index
France	95.0%	92.0%
Netherlands	2.3%	7.4%
Cash and equivalents	2.7%	N/A

# Changes to portfolio holdings\*

In: None

Out: VEOLIA ENVIRONNEMENT (5.7)





#### Portfolio managers comments

For the time being, the global economy has suffered little from Donald Trump's erratic trade policy. Nevertheless, this more volatile and uncertain environment has led Brussels to revise the eurozone's growth forecasts for 2025 and 2026 slightly downwards (0.9 and 1.4%). On the positive side, lower oil prices, wage moderation and the strengthening of the common currency are contributing to the disinflationary trend. As a result, the ECB remains free to pursue its policy of monetary easing. This divergence from the US Federal Reserve is supporting European equities by rebalancing portfolios between the 2 sides of the Atlantic.

Centifolia has gained 18.51% since the start of the year, compared with 7.07% for the CAC40NR. In May, the portfolio benefited from the strong performance of its mid-cap component, with three stocks up by more than 20% over the period: Canal +, Louis Hachette Group and Trigano.

Few recent movements to note! The only positions strengthened were Ayvens - through the acquisition of off-market shares - and Bic. Conversely, Centifolia took some profits on Crédit Agricole SA, Société Générale and Dassault Aviation after these companies' excellent stock market performance. For the same reason, we sold our Veolia Environnement position after the dividend payment. The fund's cash position represents around 3% of net assets. As a result of the rise in the fund's net asset value, valuation multiples are tighter than at the start of the year: 10.47x for Per 2025, compared with 8.2 on December 31 last year!

Value management seems to have well and truly entered a cycle of outperformance. Historically, these cycles can last several years, as investor awareness is slow to develop in phases of normalization. Nevertheless, the recent reappraisal movement has been particularly rapid, prompting a degree of caution. While the fund's ratios remain attractive in relative terms, in absolute terms a large part of the portfolio's margin of safety has been consumed by 1) the rise in share prices and 2) the downward trend in earnings estimates. We therefore do not intend to reinvest at current levels.

Text completed on 10/06/2025.



Jean-Charles Meriaux



Damien Lanternier, CFA

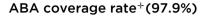




Boris Radondy, CFA



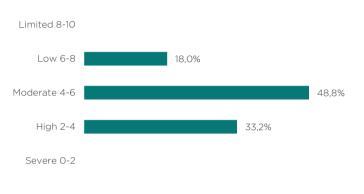
# Internal extra-financial analysis



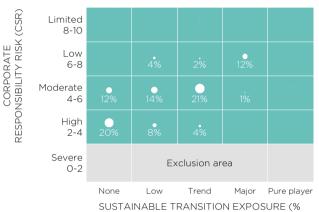


### Average Responsibility Score: 4.7/10

### Responsibility risk breakdown<sup>(1)</sup>



# Transition/CSR exposure<sup>(2)</sup>

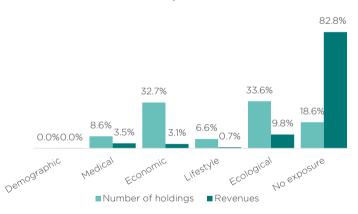


Revenue)

### SDG's exposure<sup>(3)</sup> (% of revenues)



### Sustainable transitions exposure<sup>(4)</sup>



# Analysis methodology

We develop proprietary models based on our expertise and conviction to add tangible value in the selection of portfolio securities. DNCA's ESG analysis model, Above & Beyond Analysis (ABA), respects this principle and offers a rating that we control the entire construction. Information from companies is the main input to our rating. The methodologies for calculating ESG indicators and our responsible investor and engagement policy are available on our website <u>by clicking here</u>.

<sup>(1)</sup> The rating out of 10 integrates 4 risks of responsibility: shareholder, environmental, social and societal. Whatever their sector of activity, 24 indicators are evaluated, such as social climate, accounting risks, suppliers, business ethics, energy policy, quality of management.

<sup>(2)</sup> The ABA Matrix combines the Responsibility Risk and the Sustainable Transition exposure of the portfolio. It allows us to It allows companies to be mapped using a risk/opportunity approach.

<sup>(3)</sup> 1 No poverty. 2 Zero hunger. 3 Good health and well-being. 4 Quality education. 5 Gender equality. 5 Clean water and sanitation.
 <sup>7</sup> Clean and affordable energy. 6 Decent work and economic growth. 9 Industry, innovation and infrastructure. 10 Reduced inequalities.
 <sup>10</sup> Sustainable cities and communities. 2 Sustainable consumption and production. 18 Tackling climate change. 4 Aquatic life. 16 Peace, justice and effective institutions. 17 Partnerships to achieve the goals.

<sup>(4)</sup> 5 transitions based on a long-term perspective of the financing of the economy allow the identification of activities with a positive contribution to sustainable development and to measure the exposure of companies in terms of turnover as well as exposure to the UN Sustainable Development Goals.

<sup>\*</sup>The coverage rate measures the proportion of issuers (equities and corporate bonds) taken into account in the calculation of the extra-financial indicators. This measure is calculated as a % of the net assets adjusted for cash, money market instruments, derivatives and any vehicle outside the scope of "listed equities and corporate bonds".



# **Principal Adverse Impacts**

PAI	Unit	F	und	Ref. Index		
		Coverage	Value	Coverage	Value	
PAI Corpo 1_1 - Tier 1 GHG emissions	T CO <sub>2</sub>	91%	28,330			
	31/12/2024 29/12/2023	92% 91%	30,596 49,223	100%	61,117	
AI Corpo 1_2 - Tier 2 GHG emissions	T CO <sub>2</sub>	91%	8,327			
	31/12/2024 29/12/2023	92% 91%	9,217 11,867	100%	18,008	
PAI Corpo 1_3 - Tier 3 GHG emissions	T CO <sub>2</sub>	91%	487,415			
	31/12/2024 29/12/2023	92% 91%	450,364 505,659	100%	567,373	
PAI Corpo 1T - Total GHG emissions	T CO <sub>2</sub>	92%	524,073			
	31/12/2024 29/12/2023	92% 91%	490,177 564,507	100%	646,636	
PAI Corpo 1T_SC12 - Total GHG emissions (Scope 1+2)	T CO <sub>2</sub>	92%	36,658		,	
PAI Corpo 2 - Carbon footprint	T CO <sub>2</sub> /EUR M invested	92% 91%	39,813 625	100%	726	
	31/12/2024	92%	630	100%	738	
AI Corpo 3 - GHG intensity	29/12/2023 T CO <sub>2</sub> /EUR M sales	91% 92%	611 904	100%	783 1,358	
A corpo 3° on o intensity	31/12/2024	92%	931	100%	1,353	
Al Carpo 4 Share of investments in companies active	29/12/2023	91%	860	100%	1,208	
AI Corpo 4 - Share of investments in companies active the fossil fuel sector		92%	0%	100%	0%	
	31/12/2024 29/12/2023	92% 13%	0% 0%	100% 11%	0% 0%	
AI Corpo 5 1 - Share of non-renewable energy	29/12/2023					
onsumption		87%	67.7%	100%	61.2%	
AI Corpo 5 2 - Share of non-renewable energy	31/12/2024	90%	71.4%	100%	63.9%	
roduction		8%	43.4%	9%	49.1%	
	31/12/2024	9%	68.7%	9%	69.3%	
AI Corpo 6 - Energy consumption intensity by sector /ith high climate impact	GWh/EUR M sales	92%	0.4	100%	0.6	
	31/12/2024	92%	0.4	100%	0.6	
Al Corpo 7 - Activities with a negative impact on iodiversity-sensitive areas		92%	O.1%	100%	0.2%	
	31/12/2024	92%	0.1%	100%	0.2%	
Al Corpo 8 - Water discharges	29/12/2023 T Water Emissions	2% 11%	0.0% O	0% 30%	0.0% O	
Al colpo o - Water discharges	31/12/2024	3%	0	3%	0	
	29/12/2023 T Hazardous Waste/EUR M	0%		0%		
Al Corpo 9 - Hazardous or radioactive waste ratio	invested	91%	0.7	100%	0.9	
	31/12/2024 29/12/2023	92% 43%	0.8 0.6	100% 62%	0.8 0.3	
AI Corpo 10 - Violations of UNGC and OECD principles	23/12/2023	92%	0.0%	100%	0.0%	
	31/12/2024 29/12/2023	92% 91%	0.0% 0.0%	100% 100%	0.0% 0.0%	
AI Corpo 11 - Lack of UNGC and OECD compliance	23/12/2023					
rocesses and mechanisms		92%	0.0%	100%	0.0%	
	31/12/2024 29/12/2023	92% 91%	0.0% 0.1%	100% 100%	0.0% 0.0%	
Al Corpo 12 - Unadjusted gender pay gap		73%	10.8%	86%	11.2%	
	31/12/2024 29/12/2023	66% 48%	9.3% 14.8%	78% 40%	9.2% 11.8%	
Al Corpo 13 - Gender diversity in governance bodies		92%	45.6%	100%	45.5%	
	31/12/2024 29/12/2023	92% 91%	47.4% 46.0%	100% 100%	46.7% 44.4%	
AI Corpo 14 - Exposure to controversial weapons		92%	0.0%	100%	0.0%	
	31/12/2024 29/12/2023	92% 91%	0.0% 0.0%	100% 100%	0.0% 0.0%	
AI Corpo OPT_1 - Water use	m <sup>3</sup> /EUR M sales	67%	409	80%	1,867	
	31/12/2024 29/12/2023	61% 8%	254 1	81% 2%	441 0	
AI Corpo OPT_2 - Water recycling	20/12/2023	8%	0.7%	3%	0.8%	
	31/12/2024 29/12/2023	9% 2%	0.7%	3% 0%	0.7%	
AI Corpo OPT_3 - Investments in companies with no	23/12/2023				0.001	
policy for preventing accidents at work		92%	0.0%	100%	0.0%	
	31/12/2024 29/12/2023	92% 40%	0.0% 1.0%	100% 37%	0.0% 0.8%	

Source : MSCI

It should be noted that DNCA Finance changed its non-financial data provider in October 2023 from monitoring negative externalities by the Scope Rating provider to monitoring performance indicators (PAI) by the MSCI provider.

This change of supplier and indicator typology prevents DNCA Finance from producing a 3-year ESG performance comparison. DNCA Finance Committed to produce this historical data from the data available in December 2023.

#### Administrative information

Name: Centifolia ISIN code (Share D): FR0000988792 SFDR classification: Art.8 Inception date: 04/10/2002 Investment horizon: Minimum 5 years Currency: Euro Country of domicile: France Legal form: FCP Reference Index: CAC 40 NR Valuation frequency: Daily Management company: DNCA Finance

#### Portfolio Managers:

Jean-Charles MERIAUX Damien LANTERNIER, CFA Adrien LE CLAINCHE Boris RADONDY, CFA

Minimum investment: 0.00010 share Subscription fees: 2% max Redemption fees: -Management fees: 2.39% Ongoing charges as of 30/06/2023: 2.39% Performance fees: 20% of the positive performance net of any fees above the index: CAC 40 NR

Custodian: CIC Settlement: T+2 Cut off: 12:30 Paris time

#### Legal information

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CENTIFOLIA, a French mutual fund domiciled at 19 place Vendôme 75001 Paris, complies with Directive 2009/65/EC.

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Any complaint may be addressed, free of charge, either to your usual contact (within DNCA Finance or within a delegate of DNCA Finance), or directly to the Head of Compliance and Internal Control (RCCI) of DNCA Finance by writing to the company's head office (19 Place Vendôme, 75001 Paris, France). In the event of persistent disagreement, you may have access to mediation. The list of out-of-court dispute resolution bodies and their contact details according to your country and/or that of the service provider concerned can be freely consulted by following the link https://finance.ec.europa.eu/consumer-finance-and-payments/retail-financial-services/financial-dispute-resolution-network-fin-net/members-fin-net-country\_fr.

A summary of investors' rights is available in English at the following link: https://www.dnca-investments.com/en/regulatory-information

This Fund is being marketed as a public offering in Luxembourg. You can contact the DNCA Finance branch:

DNCA Finance Luxembourg Branch - 1 Place d'Armes - L-1136 Luxembourg

This product promotes environmental or social characteristics, but does not have as its objective a sustainable investment. It might invest partially in assets that have a sustainable objective, for instance qualified as sustainable according to the EU classification.

This product is subject to sustainability risks as defined in the Regulation 2019/2088 (article 2(22)) by environmental, social or governance event or condition that, if it occurs, could cause an actual or a potential material negative impact on the value of the investment.

If the portfolio investment process can incorporate ESG approach, the portfolio's investment objective is not primarily to mitigate this risk. The sustainability risk management policy is available on the website of the Management Company.

The reference benchmark as defined in the Regulation 2019/2088 (article 2(22)) does not intend to be consistent with the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the fund.

#### Glossary

Beta. Measures the average extent to which a fund moves relative to the broader market. The beta of a market is 1. A fund with a beta of more than 1 moves on average to a greater extent than the market. A fund with a beta of less than 1 moves on average to a lesser extent. If beta is a minus number, it is likely that the stock and the market move in opposite directions.

**Correlation coefficient**. The correlation coefficient is a measure of correlation. It is used to determine the relationship between two assets over a given period. A positive coefficient means that the two assets move in the same direction. Conversely, a negative coefficient means that the assets move in the opposite direction. The correlation or decorrelation can be more or less strong and varies between -1 and 1.

Dividend yield. Annual dividends per share / Price per share

EV (Enterprise Value). Market value of common stock + market value of preferred equity + market value of debt + minority interest - cash and investments. ND/EBITDA (Net Debt / EBITDA). A measurement of leverage, calculated as a company's interest-bearing liabilities minus cash or cash equivalents, divided by its EBITDA. The net

ND/EBIIDA (Net Debt / EBITDA). A measurement of leverage, calculated as a company's interest-bearing liabilities minus cash or cash equivalents, divided by its EBITDA. The net debt to EBITDA ratio is a debt ratio that shows how many years it would take for a company to pay back its debt if net debt and EBITDA are held constant. P/B. The Price to Book Ratio is the ratio of the market value of equity (market capitalisation) to its book value. It is used to compare the market valuation of a company with its book

Proc. The rate to book value is the ratio of the market value of equity (market capitalisation) to its book value. It is used to compare the market valuation of a company with its book value.
P/CF (Share price/Cash Flow per Share). The price-to-cash-flow ratio is an indicator of a stock's valuation.

PER (Price Earnings Ratio). A company's share price to cash now half of a stock's violation. PER (Price Earnings Ratio). A company's share price divided by the amount of profits it makes for each share in a 12-month period. PE ratios are normally calculated on the base of all the profit made in the period, whether or not the profit is paid out to shareholders in that period. ROE (Return On Equity). The amount of net income returned as a percentage of shareholders equity. Return on equity measures a corporation's profitability by revealing how much

RUE (Return on Equity). The amount of net income returned as a percentage of shareholders equity. Return on equity measures a corporation's profitability by revealing how much profit a company generates with the money shareholders have invested. Sharpe Ratio. A way of measuring the historical risk-adjusted return on an investment. It is the average previous return minus the risk-free return, divided by the standard deviation (a

measure of risk that looks at the diversion of actual returns from expected returns). Sharpe Ratio. The Sharpe ratio measures the excess return over the risk-free money rate of an asset portfolio divided by the standard deviation of that return. It is therefore a

measure of the marginal return per unit of risk. It is used to measure the performance of managers with different risk policies. **Tracking error**. Tracking Error is a measure of how closely an investment portfolio follows the index against which it is benchmarked. It is the difference in the return earned by a portfolio and the return earned by the benchmark against which the portfolio is constructed. For example, if a bond portfolio earns a return of 5.15% during a period when the portfolio's benchmark (say, for example, the Lehman Brothers Index) produces a return of 5.06%, the tracking error is .09%, or 9 basis points.

